

B mesons: Lifetime and Mixing

a Review of results from Belle and BaBar

Eugenio Paoloni

Università di Pisa
I.N.F.N. sez. Pisa

Weak Interactions & Neutrinos, 2005

Outline

1 Neutral B mixing

- The Standard Model picture

2 Δm_d & τ_{B^0} with partial reconstruction technique

- Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction (*BABAR*)
- Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \pi^+$ reconstruction (Belle)
- CP violation in B mixing with dilepton events (Belle)

3 Fully reconstructed B

- Determination of $\Delta\Gamma$, CP/T/CPT violation in mixing (*BABAR*)
- Determination of $\Delta m_d, \tau_{B^0}, \tau_{B^+}$ (Belle)

4 Conclusions

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

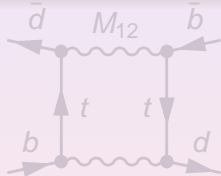
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle\bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$



SM predictions

$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left|\frac{q}{p}\right|^2 \sim \Im \frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

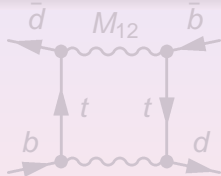
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle\bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$



SM predictions

$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left|\frac{q}{p}\right|^2 \sim \Im \frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

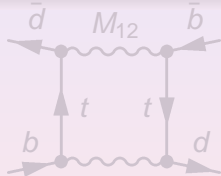
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0 | H | B^0 \rangle}{\langle B^0 | H | \bar{B}^0 \rangle}}$$



SM predictions

$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left| \frac{q}{p} \right|^2 \sim \Im \frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

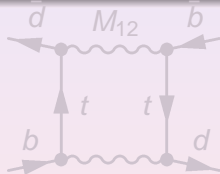
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0 | H | B^0 \rangle}{\langle B^0 | H | \bar{B}^0 \rangle}}$$



SM predictions

$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left| \frac{q}{p} \right|^2 \sim \Im \frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

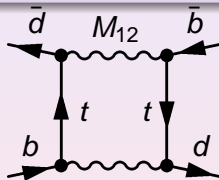
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle\bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$



SM predictions

$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left|\frac{q}{p}\right|^2 \sim \Im \frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

Neutral B mixing

The Standard Model Picture

Flavour Eigenstates: B^0 & \bar{B}^0

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|B^0\rangle + \beta|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$i\frac{d}{dt}|\psi\rangle = H|\psi\rangle$$

Hamiltonian (assuming CPT)

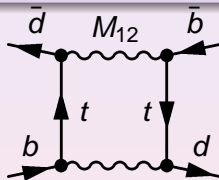
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} M & M_{12} \\ M_{12}^* & M \end{pmatrix} - \frac{i}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & \Gamma_{12} \\ \Gamma_{12}^* & \Gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass-width Eigenstates: B_H & B_L

$$|B_H\rangle = p|B^0\rangle + q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$
$$|B_L\rangle = p|B^0\rangle - q|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

Definition

$$\frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle\bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$



SM predictions

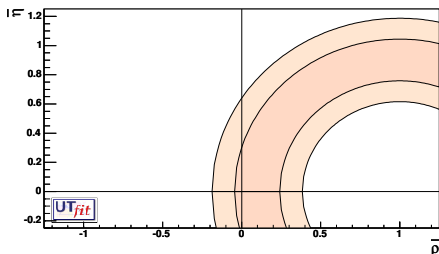
$$\Gamma_{12} \ll M_{12}$$
$$1 - \left|\frac{q}{p}\right|^2 \sim \Im\frac{\Gamma_{12}}{M_{12}} < 10^{-3}$$

CKM constraint

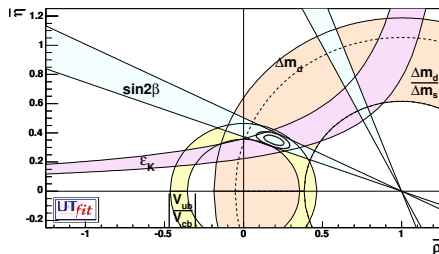
Δm_d is proportional to $|V_{tb}|^2 |V_{td}|^2$

$$\Delta m_d = \frac{G_F^2}{6\pi^2} m_W^2 \eta_b S(m_t^2/m_W^2) f_B^2 \hat{B}_B m_B |V_{tb}|^2 |V_{td}|^2$$

Unfortunately the proportionality factor is known at $\sim 15\%$



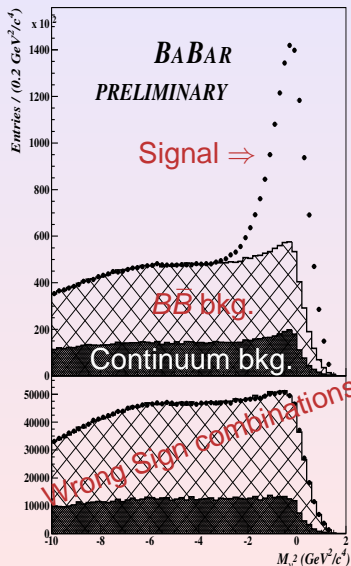
Δm_d constraint on $\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta}$



... and the other constraints

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

Event selection

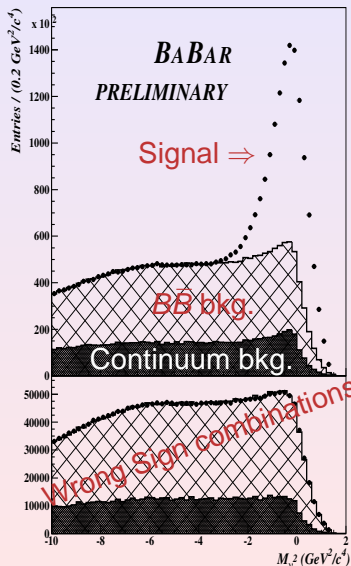
Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4 \text{ GeV}/c$

Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200 \text{ MeV}/c$

Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

Event selection

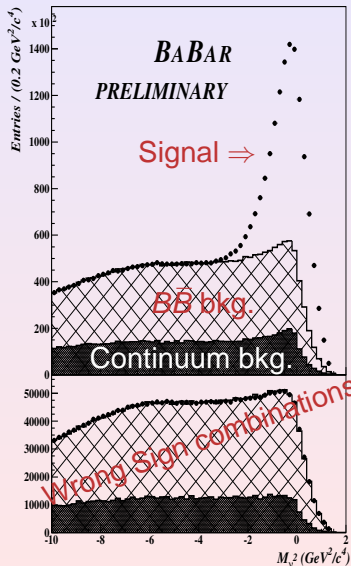
Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4$ GeV/c

Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200$ MeV/c

Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5$ GeV^2/c^4

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

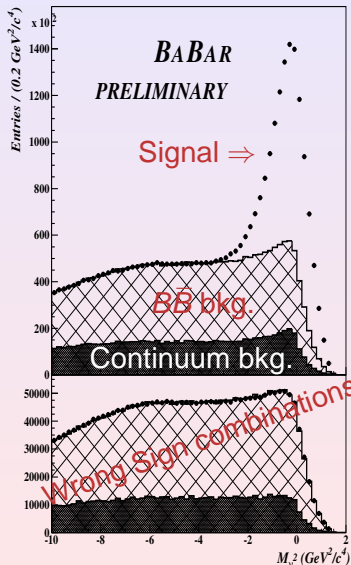
- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

Event selection

- Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4$ GeV/c
- Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200$ MeV/c
- Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5$ GeV/c²

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

Event selection

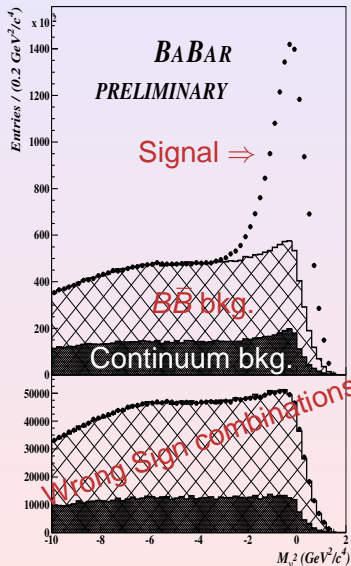
Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4 \text{ GeV}/c$

Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200 \text{ MeV}/c$

Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

Event selection

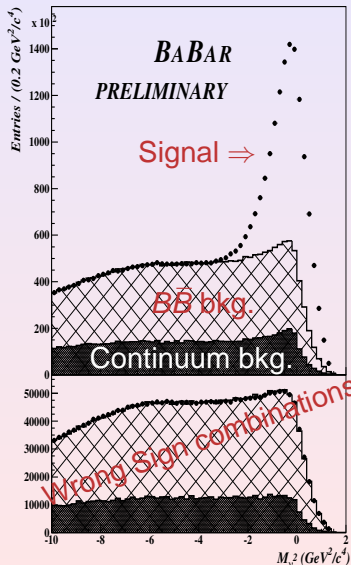
Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4$ GeV/c

Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200$ MeV/c

Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5$ GeV/c²

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$ reconstruction

hep-ex/0408039



Key points

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{\text{soft}}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

- $\pi_{\text{soft}}^- \sim$ at rest in D^{*-} frame
- $\vec{p}_{D^*} \sim \parallel \vec{p}_{\pi_{\text{soft}}}^*$ and $E_{D^*} \sim f(E_{\pi_{\text{soft}}})$
- $B^0 \sim$ at rest in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- $M_V^2 \sim (\sqrt{s}/2 - E_{D^*} - E_\ell)^2 - (\vec{p}_{D^*} + \vec{p}_\ell)^2$

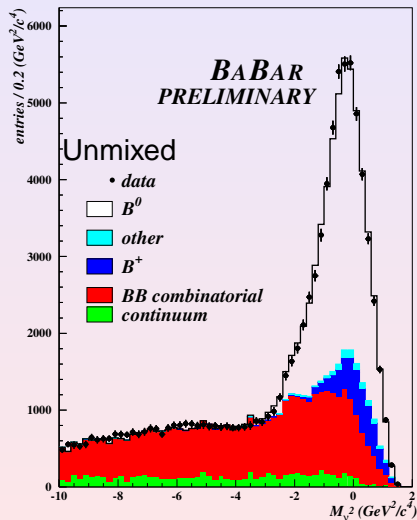
Event selection

Lepton: $1.3 < p^* < 2.4 \text{ GeV}/c$

Soft pion: $60 < p^* < 200 \text{ MeV}/c$

Neutrino mass: $M_V^2 > -2.5 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$

Companion B flavor tag



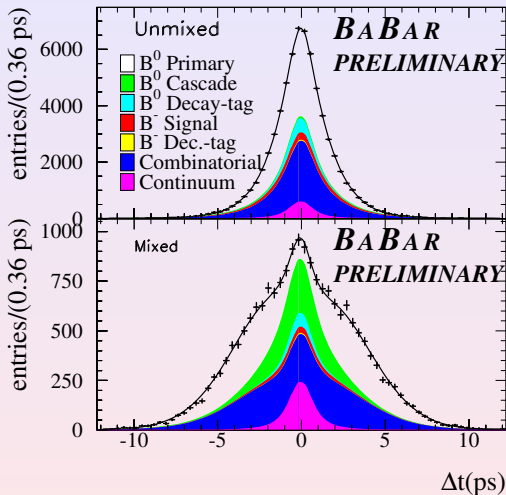
A second stiff lepton is required in the same event

- Its charge tags the flavor of the other B
- Reduces the continuum background
- Precise Δz reconstruction

Data sample

On 88×10^6 $B\bar{B}$ events:
 $\sim 50 \times 10^3$ $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$ candidates
 $\sim 27 \times 10^3$ bkg. events

Δm_d & τ_{B^0} determination

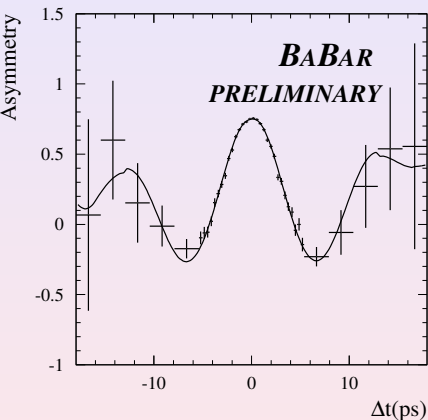


Binned maximum-likelihood fit to $\Delta t, \sigma(\Delta t)$

- τ_{B^0} & Δm_d free parameters
- $$\mathcal{S} = \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}}}{4\tau_{B^0}} (1 \pm \cos \Delta m_d \Delta t)$$
- Backgrounds fraction from M_V^2
 - Free parameters for detector response
 - Resolution on Δt
 - Dilution and bias on Δt from cascade leptons tag

Fit results and systematic errors

hep-ex/0408039



Preliminary results ($88 \times 10^6 B\bar{B}$):

$$\tau_{B^0} = (1.501 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.030) \text{ ps}$$

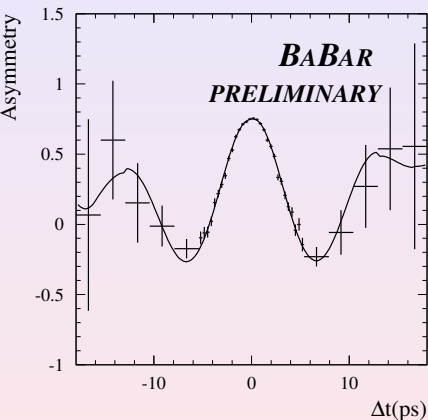
$$\Delta m_d = (0.523 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.007) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

Main systematic error

- Analysis bias
- SVT misalignment

Fit results and systematic errors

hep-ex/0408039



Preliminary results ($88 \times 10^6 B\bar{B}$):

$$\tau_{B^0} = (1.501 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.030) \text{ ps}$$

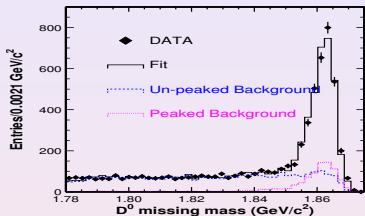
$$\Delta m_d = (0.523 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.007) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

Main systematic error

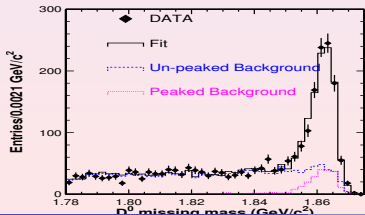
- Analysis bias
- SVT misalignment

Partial $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \pi^+$ reconstruction (Belle)

PRD 67, 092004 (2003)



↑ unmixed / mixed ↓



Kinematical constraints

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \pi_{prompt}^+ \quad (D^{*-} \rightarrow \pi_{soft}^- \bar{D}^0)$$

Identify only π_{prompt}^+ and π_{soft}^- .

Kinematical constraints:

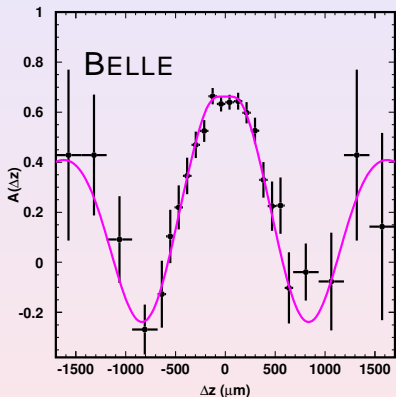
- B mass and energy in $\Upsilon(4S)$ frame
- D^* mass
- $M_{D_{miss}}^2 > 1.85 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$
- D^* helicity defined

Selection:

- $2.05 < p_{\pi_p^+} < 2.45 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $p_{\pi_s^-} < 450 \text{ MeV}/c$

Final result:

PRD 67, 092004 (2003)



- Lepton tag for the companion B
- Resolution function from “*tuned*” MC
- Δm_d is the only free parameter in the Δt fit

Fit result ($31 \times 10^6 B\bar{B}$ pairs):

$$\Delta m_d = (0.509 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.020) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

CP violation in B mixing

In the previous analyses it was assumed CP in B mixing i.e. $\left| \frac{p}{q} \right| = 1$
Time dependent decay rate for same sign dileptons if CP is violated:

$$\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^+, \Delta t) = \frac{|A_\ell|^4}{8\tau_{B^0}} E^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}} \left| \frac{p}{q} \right|^2 \left[\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2}\Delta t\right) - \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \right]$$
$$\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^-, \Delta t) = \Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^+, \Delta t) \left| \frac{q}{p} \right|^4$$

Time independent CP asymmetry:

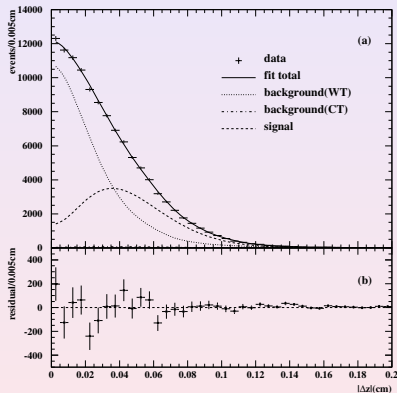
$$A_{Sl} = \frac{\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^+, \Delta t) - \Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^-, \Delta t)}{\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^+, \Delta t) + \Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^-, \Delta t)} = \frac{1 - |q/p|^4}{1 + |q/p|^4}$$

Robust SM prediction: $A_{Sl} \sim < 10^{-3}$

R. Cahn et al. PRD 60, 76006 (1999)

Belle new measurement of A_{SI}

hep-ex/0505017



Events with:

- Two leptons with same charge
 $1.2 < p^* < 2.3 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Veto on Conversions and J/ψ
- On 78 fb^{-1} :

46533 + +Events

45477 - -Events

Charge dependent Corrections for

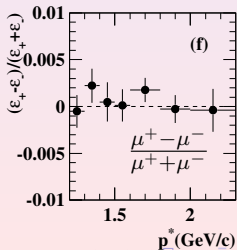
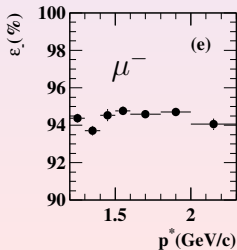
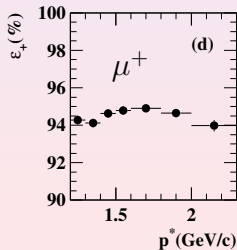
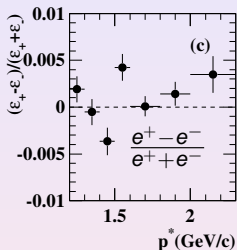
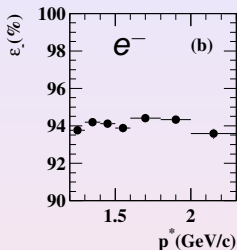
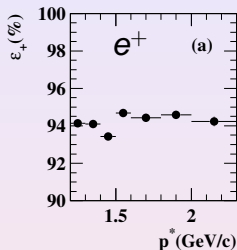
- Tracking & PID efficiency
- PID misidentification rate

$|\Delta z|$ binned maximum likelihood fit

- Detector response
- Background contributions

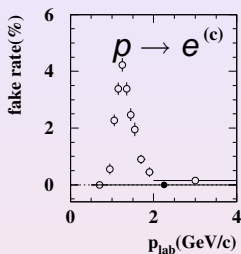
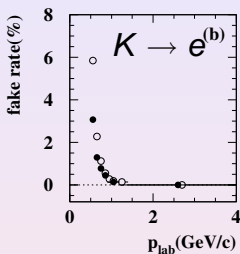
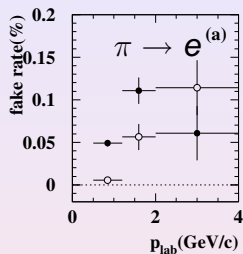
Belle Tracking : Charge Asymmetry

hep-ex/0505017

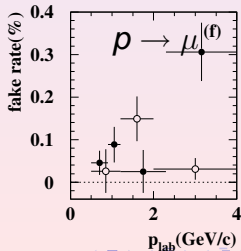
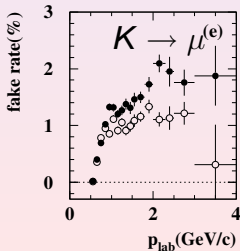
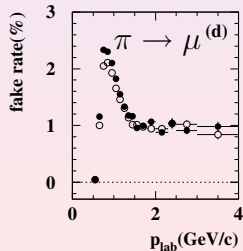


Belle Tracking : Particle ID Asymmetry

hep-ex/0505017

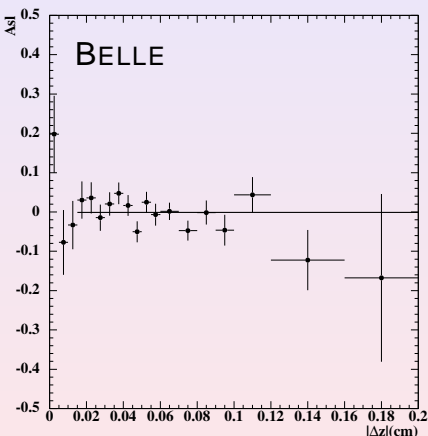


● positive
○ negative



Belle result for A_{Sf}

hep-ex/0505017



$|\Delta z|$ fit of A_{Sf} gives

Fit range: $150 \mu\text{m} - 2\text{mm}$

$$A_{Sf} = (-1.1 \pm 7.9 \pm 7.0) \times 10^{-3}$$
$$|q/p| = 1.0005 \pm 0.0040 \pm 0.0035$$

Main systematic from continuum subtraction (4.9×10^{-3})

$\mathcal{R}(\epsilon_B) \times 10^3$: BaBar ^a vs. Belle

^aPRL 88,231801(2002)

$1.2 \pm 2.9 \pm 3.6$	BaBar
$-0.3 \pm 2.0 \pm 1.7$	Belle

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

CPT and $\Delta\Gamma = 0$ assumed so far

Releasing the CPT requirement on the $B-\bar{B}$ mixing matrix the mass-width eigenstates are:

$$|B_H\rangle = p\sqrt{1-z}|B^0\rangle + q\sqrt{1+z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$|B_L\rangle = p\sqrt{1+z}|B^0\rangle - q\sqrt{1-z}|\bar{B}^0\rangle$$

$$z = \frac{\langle B^0|H|B^0\rangle - \langle \bar{B}^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}{\Delta m_d - \frac{i}{2}\Delta\Gamma} \quad \frac{q}{p} = -\sqrt{\frac{\langle \bar{B}^0|H|B^0\rangle}{\langle B^0|H|\bar{B}^0\rangle}}$$

Discrete Symmetries

$$CPT \Rightarrow z = 0$$

$$CP \Rightarrow z = 0 \quad \& \quad \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

$$T \Rightarrow \left| \frac{q}{p} \right| = 1$$

How to measure $z, \frac{q}{p}, \Delta\Gamma$ in a single shot

- Fully reconstruct one B both in CP and flavor eigenstate decay modes
- tag the companion B
- fit the proper time distribution with:

$$\frac{dN(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B_{tag}, B_{rec} \text{ after } t)}{dt} \propto$$

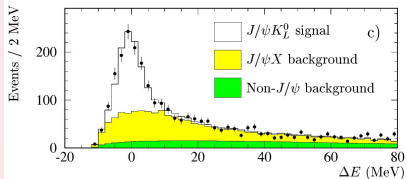
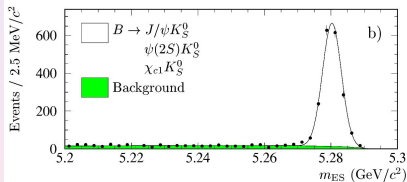
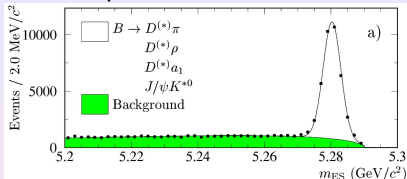
$$e^{-\Gamma|t|} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} c_+ \cosh \Delta\Gamma t/2 + \frac{1}{2} c_- \cos \Delta m t - \Re s \sinh \Delta\Gamma t/2 + \Im s \sin \Delta m t \right\}$$

- $\Delta\Gamma$ explicitly appears in the hyperbolic terms
- z and $\frac{q}{p}$ appear in the c_{\pm} and s coefficients

Data Sample

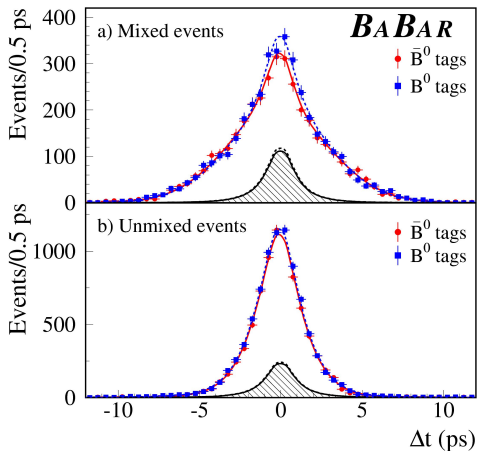
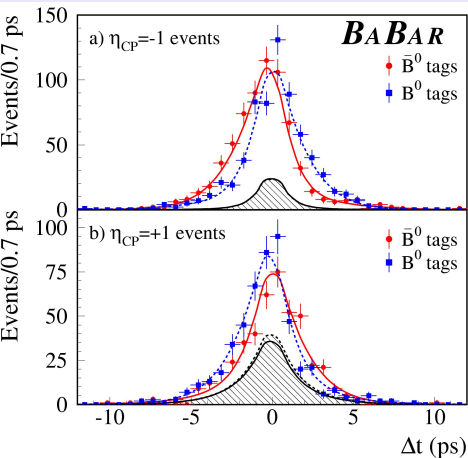
$$\mathcal{L} = 82 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sim 88 \times 10^6 B\bar{B} \text{ pairs}$$

$B_{flav.}$	$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*\-} \pi^+ (\rho^+, a_1^+)$
31027 ev.	$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \pi^+ (\rho^+, a_1^+)$
	$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}$
B_{CP}	$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0$
	$B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) K_S^0$
2603 ev.	$B^0 \rightarrow \chi_{c1} K_S^0$
	$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_L^0$
$B_{ch.}$	$B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \pi^+$
Control sample	$B^+ \rightarrow \psi(2S) K^+$
	$B^+ \rightarrow \chi_{c1} K^+$
	$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*+}$



Fit results

PRD 70, 012007(2004)



- Background, mistagging, resolution
- Doubly Cabibbo suppressed interference

Fit results

PRD 70, 012007(2004)

Results

$$\text{sgn}[\Re(\lambda_{CP})]\Delta\Gamma/\Gamma = -0.008 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.018$$

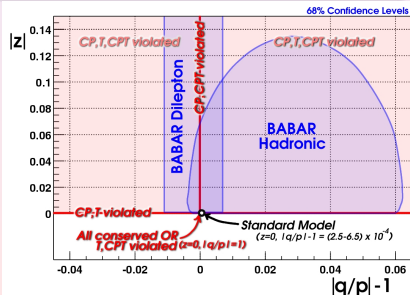
$$|q/p| = 1.029 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.011$$

$$[\Re(\lambda_{CP})/|\lambda_{CP}|]\Re z = 0.014 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.034$$

$$\Im(z) = 0.038 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.025$$

The 90% confidence-level interval
for $\Delta\Gamma/\Gamma$

$$\text{sgn}[\Re(\lambda_{CP})]\Delta\Gamma/\Gamma \in [-8.4\%, 6.8\%]$$

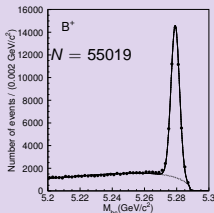
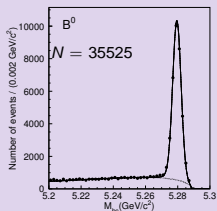


Belle Semileptonic & Hadronic selection

PRD 71, 072003 (2005)

Hadronic

- $B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \pi^+, D^{*-} \rho^+, J/\psi K^{0(*)}$
- $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^+, J/\psi K^+$



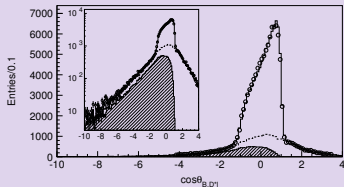
$$m_{bc} = \sqrt{s/4 - |\vec{p}_B|^2}$$

$$\Delta E = \sqrt{s/2} - E_B$$

$$\mathcal{L} = 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

Semileptonic

- $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu_\ell$
- $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^- D^0 \rightarrow K\pi(\pi\dots)$

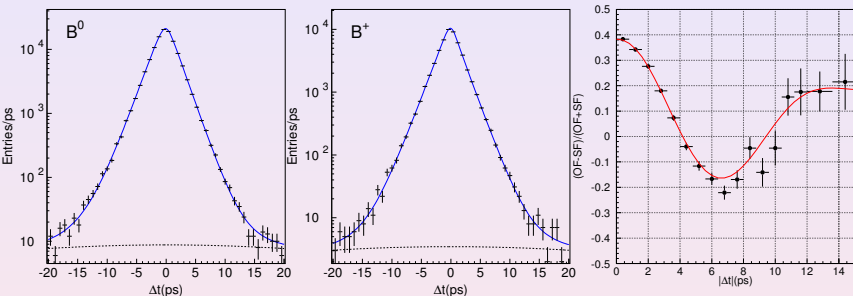


$$N = 84823$$

Belle Analysis Results

PRD 71, 072003 (2005)

Unbinned simultaneous fit to all distributions (32 parameters)



Fit results:

$$\Delta m_d = (0.511 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.006) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{B^0} = (1.534 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.010) \text{ ps}$$

$$\tau_{B^+} / \tau_{B^0} = 1.066 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.008$$

Conclusions:

- Δm_d measurements at B-Factories are reaching the $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ precision level.
- The measurements are quite sound. Different methods with completely different systematic effects are in good agreement.
- New ideas: search for CP/CPT violation in mixing, but...
- The Standard Model framework correctly describes the observed data.
- Progress on the theoretical side (f_B, \hat{B}) and more data on the experimental side may still bring some surprises.